55925-5A

State Labor SUMMARY

Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina,
Labor Market Information Division

February 1990

State Labor Summary:
North Carolina

February 1990

Labor Market Information Division
Employment Security Commission of North Carolina
700 Wade Avenue
Post Office Box 25903
Raleigh, North Carolina 27611-5903
Telephone: (919) 733-2936

Joe Richardson, Project Manager

Ray Partin, Editor

Eight hundred and twenty five (825) copies of this public document were printed at a cost of $544.50, or .64 per copy.

State Labor Summary North Carolina February 1990

HIGHLIGHTS

North Carolina's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in February 1990 was 3.6 percent, declining 0.1 from the January 1990 rate of 3.7. In February 1989 the state's unemployment rate was 3.4. For the nation, the adjusted unemployment rate was 5.3 in February 1990 . The national rate was 5.2 in February 1989.

The civilian labor force for North Carolina in February was estimated at 3,395,000, a monthly increase of 34,000 from the January estimate of 3,461,000. From February 1989, the civilian labor force saw an increase of 33,000 people.

Employment, seasonally adjusted for February, increased to 3,274,000 from 3,337,000 in January for an increase of 37,000 workers. The number employed in February 1990 was 26,000 more than in February 1989, for an increase of 0.2 percent. The number of persons unemployed declined by 3,000 in February (121,000) from (124,000) January. From a year ago (114,000), the unemployed estimate was up 7,000.

In February, North Carolina's seasonally adjusted industry employment reached 3,118,100, an increase of 2,200 from the prior month's estimate of 3,115,900. An over-the-month loss of 2,200 occurred in goods producing and a gain of 6,500 in service producing.This goods producing loss occurred primarily in the lumber and wood (-1,300) and textiles (-1,400) industry. Employment gains in service producing were most significant in the government (+4,000) and service & miscelleanous (+1,400).

From February 1989-February 1990 a total of 70,800 employees were added to industry payrolls. Manufacturing employment declined by 6,000, to a level of 870,100 as employment in service producing was increasing by 75,000 to a level of 2,080,700. The manufacturing losses in tobacco and textiles were most significant. In service producing, strong gains occurred in trade (+31,700); service & miscelleanous (+30,900): and government (+7,000) .

There were 9,313 persons placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission in February 1990. Of these 4,080 were placed in manufacturing industries. 2,239 persons founds jobs in the service industry, while 1,679 individuals were placed in the trade industry. By occupational category, 1,693 individuals were employed in packaging and material handling; 1,337 in bench work; 1,687 in services, except domestic; and 1,171 in machine trades.

Production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries earned $8.62 an hour in February. The average hours worked were 39.6, and average weekly earnings amounted to $341.35. There was an increase of $ .29 an hour in average hourly earnings from February 1990 . Workers in cigarette manufacturing were the highest hourly wage earners at $19.50. In service producing, the average hourly earnings were highest among workers in communications, & electric, gas & sanitary services at $12.98.

The number of production workers in North Carolina's manufacturing industries declined by 1,900, from 671,900 in January to 670,000 in February. This decline was spread across the entire sector. The largest over-the-month loser was in tobacco (-900) From February of last year, manufacturing lost 6,400 production workers. This loss occurred throughout the manufacturing sector with the most significant loss in the cigarette industry (-1,700).

Table 1

Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population

February 1990

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: September 1989 through February 1990					
	Feb. 1989	Sep. 1989	Oct. 1989	Nov. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1990	Feb. 1990
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,915	5,021	5,027	5,032	5,038	4,971	4,975
Civilian Labor Force	3,362	3,454	3,432	3,412	3,440	3,361	3,395
Participation Rate[1]	68.4	68.8	68.2	67.8	68.3	67.6	68.2
Employed	3,248	3,315	3,321	3,318	3,332	3,327	3,274
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	66.1	66.0	66.1	65.9	66.1	65.1	65.8
Unemployed	114	139	111	94	108	124	121
Unemployment Rate	3.4	4.0	3.2	2.8	3.1	3.7	3.6
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	--	---	---	---	--	--	---

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: December 1989 through February 1990		
	Feb. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1990	Feb. 1990
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,915	5,038	4,971	4,975
Civilian Labor Force	3,340	3,414	3,332	3,371
Participation Rate[1]	68.0	67.8	67.0	67.8
Employed	3,214	3,314	3,179	3,239
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	65.4	65.8	64.0	65.1
Unemployed	126	103	153	121
Unemployment Rate	3.8	3.0	4.6	3.6
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	1.6	1.6	2.6	1.9

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Table 2

Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population

February 1990

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: September 1989 through February 1990					
	Feb. 1989	Sep. 1989	Oct. 1989	Nov. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1990	Feb. 1990
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	185,777	186,726	186,861	187,017	187,165	187,293	187,412
Civilian Labor Force	123,117	124,040	124,105	124,515	124,546	124,397	124,630
Participation Rate[1]	66.3	66.4	66.4	66.6	66.5	66.4	66.5
Employed	116,757	117,456	117,545	117,786	117,888	117,863	118,035
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	62.8	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.0	62.9	63.0
Unemployed	6,360	6,584	6,561	6,729	6,658	6,535	6,595
Unemployment Rate	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.3	2.3	2.3

Not Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: December 1989 through February 1990		
	Feb. 1989	Dec. 1989	Jan. 1990	Feb. 1990
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	185,777	187,017	187,293	187,412
Civilian Labor Force	121,906	124,515	123,293	123,442
Participation Rate[1]	65.6	66.6	65.8	65.9
Employed	115,023	117,786	116,037	116,308
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	61.9	63.0	62.0	62.1
Unemployed	6,883	6,729	7,256	7,134
Unemployment Rate	5.6	5.4	5.9	5.8
Insured Unemployment Rate	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.8

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.

Figure 1

A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1989 -February 1990

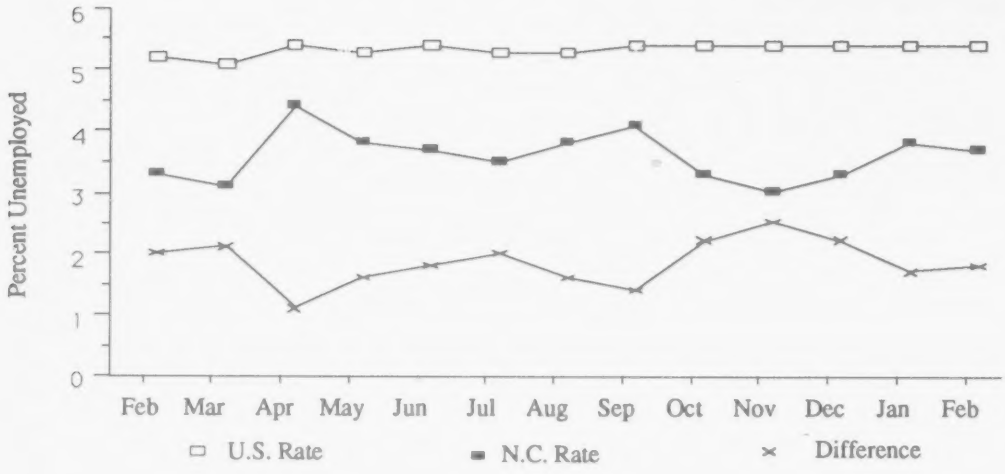


Figure 2

North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)

February 1989-February 1990

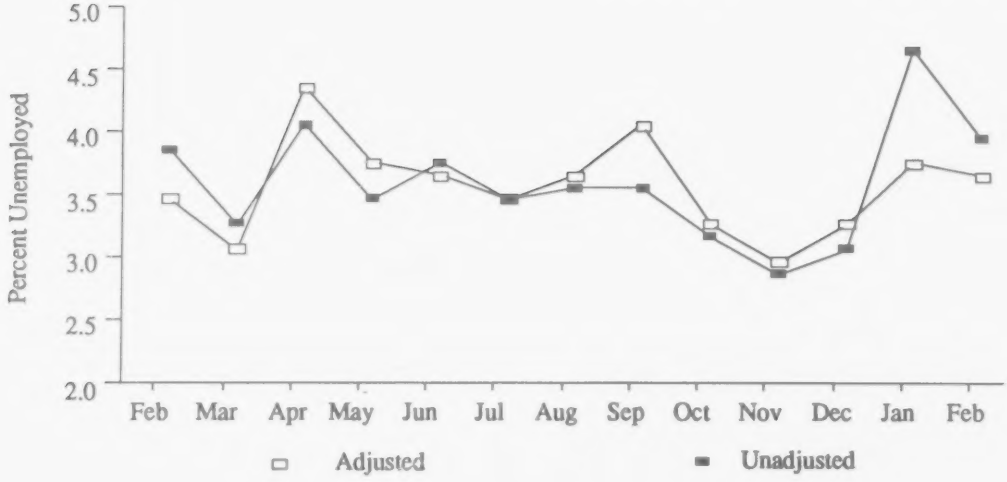


Table 3

Industry Employment in North Carolina

February 1990[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Change From: Jan. 1990 Net	Jan. 1990 Percent	Feb. 1989 Net	Feb. 1989 Percent
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force [3]	3,371.4	3,331.8	3,340.1	+ 39.6	+ 1.2	+ 31.3	+ 0.9
Employment, Total	3,239.2	3,179.3	3,214.3	+ 59.9	+ 1.9	+ 24.8	+ 0.8
Unemployment, Total	132.2	152.5	125.7	- 20.3	- 13.3	+ 6.5	+ 5.2
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.9	4.6	3.8	- 0.7	xxx	+ 0.1	xxx
(Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force[3]	3,395.0	3,361.0	3,362.0	+ 34.0	+ 1.0	+ 33.0	+ 1.0
Employment, Total	3,374.0	3,237.0	3,248.0	+ 37.0	+ 1.1	+ 26.0	+ 0.8
Unemployment, Total	121.0	124.0	114.0	- 3.0	- 2.4	+ 7.0	+ 6.1
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.6	3.7	3.4	- 0.1	xxx	+ 0.2	xxx
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,118.1	3,115.9	3,047.3	+ 2.2	+ 0.1	+ 70.8	+ 2.3
Goods Producing	1,037.1	1,041.7	1,041.6	- 4.3	- 0.4	- 4.2	- 0.4
Mining	5.0	4.9	4.9	+ 0.1	+ 2.0	+ 0.1	+ 2.0
Construction	168.3	168.5	166.6	- 0.2	- 0.1	+ 1.7	+ 1.0
Manufacturing	864.1	868.3	870.1	- 4.2	- 0.5	- 6.0	- 0.7
Durable Goods	355.8	357.7	357.3	- 1.9	- 0.5	- 1.5	- 0.4
Lumber & Wood Products	36.3	37.6	37.0	- 1.3	- 3.5	- 0.7	- 1.9
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.0	13.4	12.9	- 1.4	- 10.4	- 0.9	- 7.0
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.3	10.1	9.5	- 0.8	- 7.9	- 0.2	- 2.1
Furniture & Fixtures	87.1	86.7	88.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.5	- 1.0	- 1.1
Household Furniture	77.2	76.8	78.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.5	- 1.1	- 1.4
Wood Household Furniture	39.6	37.4	38.5	+ 2.2	+ 5.9	+ 1.1	+ 2.9
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.0	32.5	33.2	- 0.5	- 1.5	- 1.2	- 3.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent
All data are based upon 1987 Standard Industrial Codes
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

February 1990[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
				Jan. 1990		Feb. 1989	
	Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Stone, Clay & Glass	21.0	21.0	21.1	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 0.5
Structural Clay Products	2.5	2.6	2.7	- 0.1	- 3.8	- 0.2	- 7.4
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods.	6.0	5.9	6.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.7	- 0.1	- 1.6
Primary Metal Products	12.2	12.2	11.9	0.0	0.0	+ 0.3	+ 2.5
Fabricated Metal Products	30.6	30.6	30.4	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.7
Fab. Struct. Metal Products	9.1	9.2	9.1	- 0.1	- 1.1	0.0	0.0
Industrial Machinery	65.3	65.1	62.8	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	+ 2.5	+ 4.0
Special Industry Machinery	7.7	7.4	7.9	+ 0.3	+ 4.1	- 0.2	- 2.5
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	55.6	56.4	57.5	- 0.8	- 1.4	- 1.9	- 3.3
Household Appliances	4.8	5.1	5.4	- 0.3	- 5.9	- 0.6	- 11.1
Transportation Equipment	26.9	27.2	27.5	- 0.3	- 1.1	- 0.6	- 2.2
Other Durable Goods[4]	20.8	20.9	21.0	- 0.1	- 0.5	- 0.2	- 1.0
Nondurable Goods	508.3	510.6	512.8	- 2.3	- 0.5	- 4.5	- 0.9
Food & Kindred Products	50.9	51.2	50.4	- 0.3	- 0.6	- 0.5	- 1.0
Meat Products	23.9	23.7	23.5	+ 0.2	+ 0.8	+ 0.4	+ 1.7
Meat Packing Products	2.7	2.7	2.5	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 8.0
Dairy Products	2.5	2.7	2.7	- 0.2	- 7.4	- 0.2	- 7.4
Grain Mill Products	2.4	2.4	2.5	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 4.0
Bakery Products	8.6	8.7	8.3	- 0.1	- 1.1	+ 0.3	+ 3.6
Beverages	5.8	5.8	6.1	0.0	0.0	- 0.3	- 4.9
Tobacco Manufacturers	21.1	21.3	23.2	- 0.2	- 0.9	- 2.1	- 9.1
Cigarettes	15.2	15.2	17.9	0.0	0.0	- 2.7	- 15.1
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.6	5.6	4.9	0.0	0.0	+ 0.7	- 14.3
Textile Mill Products	217.5	218.9	219.8	- 1.4	- 0.6	- 2.3	- 1.0
Broadwoven Fabrics: Cotton, Manmade & Wool	51.2	51.7	53.0	- 0.5	- 1.0	- 1.8	- 3.4
Broadwoven Fabrics: Cotton	24.1	23.9	24.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.8	- 0.2	- 0.8
Broadwoven Fabrics, Manmade	25.0	25.5	26.6	- 0.5	- 2.0	- 1.6	- 6.0

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes

Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

February 1990[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Change From: Jan. 1990 Net	Jan. 1990 Percent	Feb. 1989 Net	Feb. 1989 Percent
Knitting Mills	85.1	85.6	83.2	- 0.5	- 0.6	+ 1.9	+ 2.3
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	23.4	23.3	22.9	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.5	+ 2.2
Hosiery, NEC	24.0	24.5	23.6	- 0.5	- 2.0	+ 0.4	+ 1.7
Weft Knit Fabric Mills	16.8	16.9	16.4	- 0.1	- 0.6	+ 0.4	+ 2.4
Lace & Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.4	6.5	6.0	- 0.1	- 1.5	+ 0.4	+ 6.7
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	16.7	16.8	17.0	- 0.1	- 0.6	- 0.3	- 1.8
Yarn & Thread Mills	49.0	49.1	51.3	- 0.1	- 0.2	- 2.3	- 4.5
Apparel & Other Textile Products	81.9	82.3	83.0	- 0.4	- 0.5	- 1.1	- 1.3
Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings	28.2	28.1	28.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	- 0.1	- 0.4
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	32.4	32.7	34.3	- 0.3	- 0.9	- 1.9	- 5.5
Paper & Allied Products	22.9	22.8	23.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	- 0.1	- 0.4
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.6	9.6	9.8	0.0	0.0	- 0.2	- 2.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	9.2	9.1	9.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.1
Printing & Publishing	30.4	30.3	30.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.7
Newspapers	10.8	10.7	10.6	+ 0.1	+ 0.9	+ 0.2	+ 1.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	45.1	44.9	43.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.4	+ 1.8	+ 4.2
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	15.1	15.0	14.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.7	+ 0.9	+ 6.3
Rubber & Misccellaneous Plastic Products	34.2	34.6	35.3	- 0.4	- 1.2	- 1.1	- 3.1
Other Nondurable Goods[5]	4.3	4.3	4.6	0.0	0.0	- 0.3	- 6.5
Service Producing	2,080.7	2,074.2	2,005.7	+ 6.5	+ 0.3	+ 75.0	+ 3.7
Transportation	155.1	154.8	151.5	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 3.6	+ 2.4
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.5	56.5	57.3	0.0	0.0	- 0.8	- 1.4

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

February 1990[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Change From: Jan. 1990 Net	Jan. 1990 Percent	Feb. 1989 Net	Feb. 1989 Percent
Wholesale and Retail Trade	735.3	734.9	703.6	+ 0.4	+ 0.1	+ 31.7	+ 4.5
Wholesale Trade	172.7	172.5	167.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.1	+ 5.7	+ 3.4
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	101.9	102.1	99.9	- 0.2	- 0.2	+ 2.0	+ 2.0
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	70.8	70.4	67.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.6	+ 3.7	+ 5.5
Retail Trade	562.6	562.4	536.6	+ 0.2	+ 0.0	+ 26.0	+ 4.8
General Merchandise Stores	83.8	82.7	74.9	+ 1.1	+ 1.3	+ 8.9	+ 11.9
Food Stores	90.4	90.4	87.8	0.0	0.0	+ 2.6	+ 3.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	133.3	132.9	131.5	+ 0.4	+ 0.3	+ 1.8	+ 1.4
Service & Miscellaneous[6]	579.9	578.5	549.0	+ 1.4	+ 0.2	+ 30.9	+ 5.6
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	33.1	33.4	31.0	- 0.3	- 0.9	+ 2.1	+ 6.8
Personal Services	29.3	29.6	28.5	- 0.3	- 1.0	+ 0.8	+ 2.8
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	13.8	13.6	13.6	+ 0.2	+ 1.5	+ 0.2	+ 1.5
Total Government	477.1	473.1	470.0	+ 4.0	+ 0.8	+ 7.0	+ 1.5
Federal	54.7	54.5	54.6	+ 0.2	+ 0.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.2
State	137.9	134.3	136.7	+ 3.6	+ 2.7	+ 1.2	+ 0.9
Education	71.3	68.7	71.8	+ 2.6	+ 3.8	- 0.5	- 0.7
Other	66.6	65.6	64.9	+ 1.0	+ 1.5	+ 1.7	+ 2.6
Local	284.5	284.3	278.8	+ 0.2	+ 0.1	+ 5.7	+ 2.0
Education	146.7	146.4	146.4	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	+ 0.2
Other	137.8	137.9	132.4	- 0.1	- 0.1	+ 5.4	+ 4.1
All Other Nonag. Employment[7]	260.4	260.8	280.6	- 0.4	- 0.2	- 20.2	- 7.2
Agriculture	42.1	47.1	44.2	- 5.0	- 10.6	+ 2.1	+ 4.8

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Industry employment compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure 3

Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1990

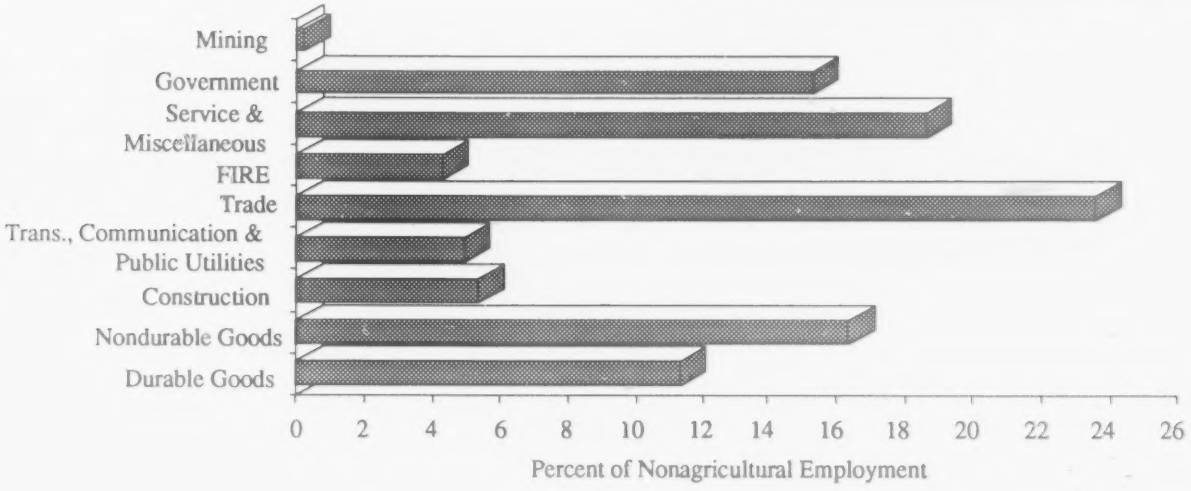


Figure 4

Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

Febraury 1990

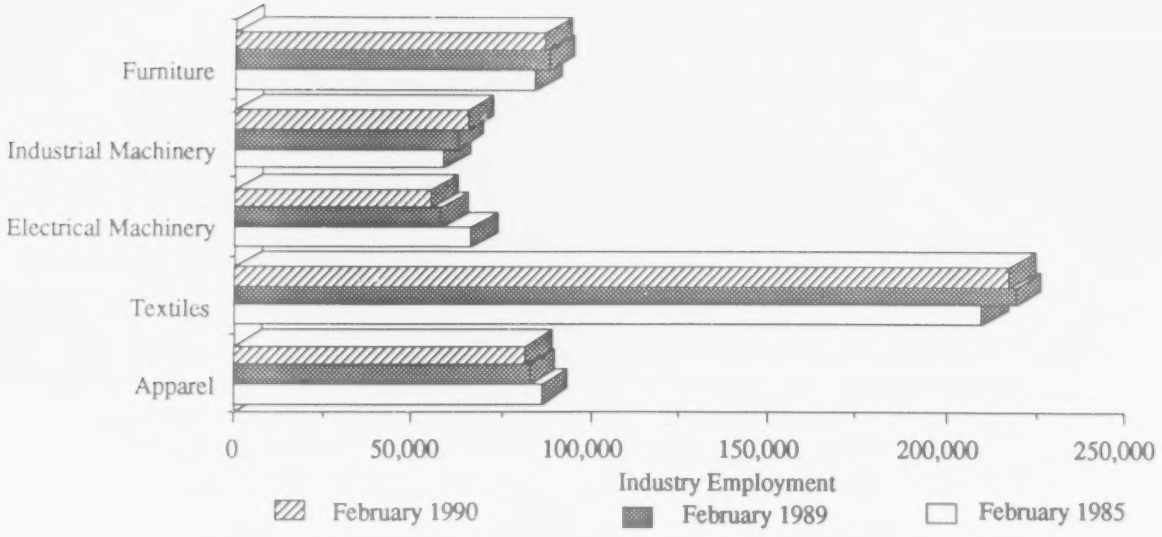


Table 4

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions February 1990[1]

Occupational Categories and Divisions	Total Individuals Placed[2]	Total Individuals Placed In Regular Jobs[2, 3]	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	Mining	Construction
Total	9,313	9,038	260	28	957
Professional, Technical & Managerial Occupations	334	335	1	0	9
Clerical Occupations	1,270	1,234	9	0	26
Sales Occupations	495	483	0	0	8
Domestic Service Occupations	75	65	0	0	0
Other Service Occupations	1,687	1,583	3	0	19
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery & Related Occupations	358	265	190	0	16
Processing Occupations	881	869	0	11	2
Machine Trade Occupations	1,171	1,169	6	1	21
Benchwork Occupations	1,337	1,336	24	0	10
Structural Work Occupations	1,161	1,129	8	2	786
Motor Freight & Transportation Occupations	247	240	1	0	26
Packaging & Materials Handling Occupations	1,693	1,583	17	14	33
Miscellaneous Occupations	57	57	0	0	6

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Table 4
(Continued)

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions February 1990[1]

Manufacturing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	Services	Public Administration	Government
4,080	379	1,679	165	2,239	348	835
28	8	53	6	161	71	130
179	79	352	109	400	132	247
10	7	412	17	29	1	173
0	0	0	0	65	0	4
80	10	519	22	880	103	211
8	1	7	2	27	15	19
790	35	21	0	18	0	2
1,036	10	30	1	81	0	3
1,131	1	60	0	129	0	2
174	19	31	8	125	21	35
28	73	62	2	47	2	9
913	140	175	0	343	1	1
20	4	0	0	24	4	5

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1989 to June 30, 1990.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Figure 5

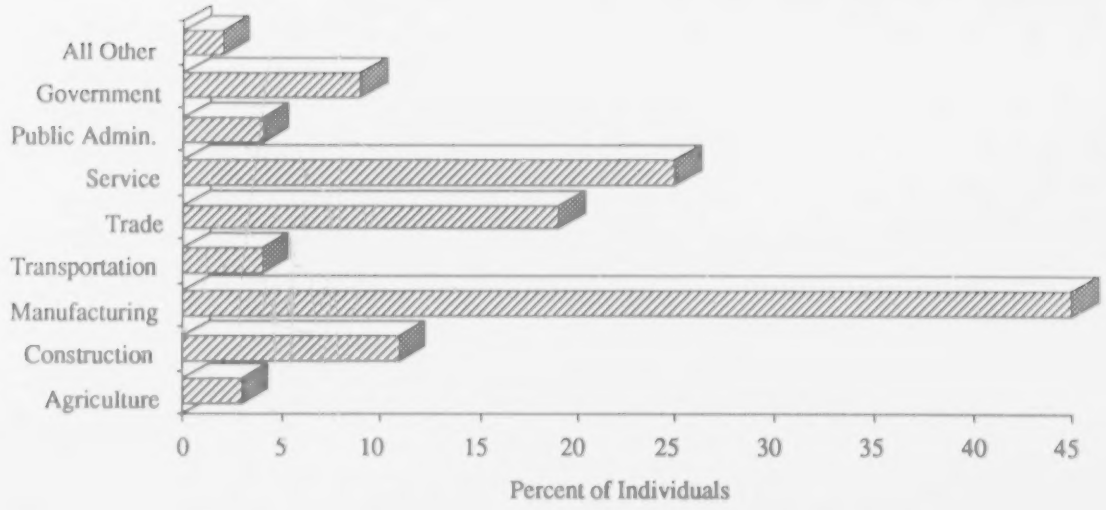
A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1989-February 1990

Figure 6

Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category

February 1990



Appendix

Table I — *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

Table II — *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

Figure I — *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

Figure II — *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

Table III — *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

Table I

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Percent Change From: Jan. 1990	Feb. 1989
Total Nonagricultural Employment	3,085.8	3,075.5	3,015.5	+ 0.3	+ 2.3
Goods Producing	1,025.0	1,027.4	1,028.9	- 0.2	- 0.4
Mining	4.9	4.8	4.8	+ 2.1	+ 2.1
Construction	159.0	158.2	157.4	+ 0.5	+ 1.0
Manufacturing	861.1	864.4	866.7	- 0.4	- 0.6
Durable Goods	355.1	356.5	356.3	- 0.4	- 0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	36.9	36.9	36.5	0.0	+ 1.1
Sawmills & Planing Mills	13.0	13.1	12.8	- 0.8	+ 1.6
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.8	9.9	9.4	- 1.0	+ 4.3
Furniture & Fixtures	86.8	87.1	88.7	- 0.3	- 2.1
Household Furniture	76.9	77.3	78.9	- 0.5	- 2.5
Wood Household Furniture	37.5	37.6	38.7	- 0.3	- 3.1
Upholstered Household Furniture	32.3	32.6	33.4	- 0.9	- 3.3
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	20.8	20.8	20.9	0.0	- 0.5
Structural Clay Products	2.4	2.5	2.6	- 4.0	- 7.7
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products	5.9	5.8	6.0	+ 1.7	- 1.7
Primary Metal Industries	12.2	12.2	11.8	0.0	+ 3.4
Fabricated Metal Industries	30.5	30.6	30.3	- 0.3	+ 0.7
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	9.0	9.1	9.0	- 1.1	0.0
Machinery, except Electrical	65.0	65.0	62.5	0.0	+ 4.0
Special Industry Machinery	7.7	7.5	7.9	+ 2.7	- 2.5
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	55.3	56.1	57.2	- 1.4	- 3.3
Household Appliances	4.5	4.9	5.1	- 8.2	- 11.8
Transportation Equipment	26.9	27.1	27.5	- 0.7	- 2.2
Other Durable Goods[3]	20.7	20.7	20.9	0.0	- 1.0
Nondurable Goods	506.0	507.9	510.4	- 0.4	- 0.9
Food & Kindred Products	50.3	50.6	49.8	- 0.6	+ 1.0
Meat Products	23.9	23.7	23.5	- 0.8	+ 1.7
Meat Packing Plants	2.7	2.7	2.5	0.0	+ 8.0
Dairy Products	2.5	2.6	2.7	- 3.8	- 7.4
Grain Mill Products	2.4	2.4	2.5	0.0	- 4.0
Bakery Products	8.6	8.7	8.3	- 1.1	+ 3.6
Beverages	5.6	5.7	5.9	- 1.8	- 5.1

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Jan. 1990	Feb. 1989
Tobacco Manufacturers	20.7	21.8	22.8	- 5.0	- 9.2
Cigarettes	15.2	15.3	17.9	- 0.7	- 15.1
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.0	6.1	4.4	- 18.0	+ 13.6
Textile Mill Products	216.6	217.4	218.9	- 0.4	- 1.1
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Manmade & Wool	51.0	51.8	52.8	- 1.5	- 3.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	23.9	24.0	24.1	- 0.4	- 0.8
Weaving Mills, Manmade	25.0	25.6	26.7	- 2.3	- 6.4
Knitting Mills	84.8	84.5	82.8	+ 0.4	+ 2.4
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	23.4	23.2	23.0	+ 0.9	+ 1.7
Hosiery, NEC	24.0	24.1	23.6	- 0.4	+ 1.7
Weft Knit Fabric Mills	16.7	16.8	16.3	- 0.6	+ 2.5
Lace & Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.4	6.4	6.0	0.0	+ 6.7
Textile Finishing, except Wool	16.7	16.9	17.0	- 1.2	- 1.8
Yarn & Thread Mills	48.7	49.0	51.4	- 0.6	- 5.3
Apparel & Other Textile Products	81.7	82.0	82.8	- 0.4	- 1.3
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	28.3	28.1	28.4	+ 0.7	- 0.4
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	32.4	32.5	34.2	- 0.3	- 5.3
Paper & Allied Products	22.8	22.8	22.9	0.0	- 0.4
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	9.7	9.7	9.9	0.0	- 2.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	9.0	9.0	8.9	0.0	+ 1.1
Printing & Publishing	30.6	30.4	30.3	+ 0.7	+ 1.0
Newspapers	10.8	10.7	10.6	+ 0.9	+ 1.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	44.8	44.5	43.0	+ 0.7	+ 4.2
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	15.1	15.0	14.2	+ 0.7	+ 6.3
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	34.2	34.2	35.3	0.0	- 3.1
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	4.3	4.2	4.6	+ 2.4	- 6.5

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
*Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment in North Carolina (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Jan. 1990	Feb. 1989
Service Producing	2,060.8	2,048.1	1,986.6	+ 0.6	+ 3.7
Transportation & Public Utilities	152.8	152.2	149.2	+ 0.4	+ 2.4
Communications & Utilities	56.0	56.2	56.8	- 0.4	- 1.4
Wholesale & Retail Trade	719.7	722.3	688.4	- 0.4	+ 4.5
Wholesale Trade	170.0	170.0	164.4	0.0	+ 3.4
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	101.1	101.1	99.1	0.0	+ 2.0
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	68.9	68.9	65.3	0.0	+ 5.5
Retail Trade	549.7	552.3	524.0	- 0.5	+ 4.9
General Merchandise Stores	81.7	84.0	73.0	- 2.7	+ 11.9
Food Stores	89.6	89.8	87.0	- 0.2	+ 3.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	131.6	131.2	129.8	+ 0.3	+ 1.4
Service & Miscellaneous[5]	570.6	564.0	540.0	+ 1.2	+ 5.7
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	29.5	29.6	27.6	- 0.3	+ 6.9
Personal Services	30.2	30.0	29.4	+ 0.7	+ 2.7
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	13.7	13.6	13.5	+ 0.7	+ 1.5
Health Services	149.5	149.2	141.0	+ 0.2	+ 6.0
Hospitals	62.0	61.8	56.7	+ 0.3	+ 9.3
Legal Services	13.2	13.3	12.9	- 0.8	+ 2.3
Education Services	36.6	32.5	36.2	+12.6	+ 1.1
Total Government	486.1	478.4	479.2	+ 1.6	+ 1.4
Federal	54.1	54.0	54.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.2
State	140.8	134.5	139.8	+ 4.7	+ 0.7
Education	75.1	68.6	75.7	+ 9.5	- 0.8
Other	65.7	65.9	64.1	- 0.3	+ 2.5
Local	291.2	289.9	285.4	+ 0.4	+ 2.0
Education	155.2	154.5	154.8	+ 0.5	+ 0.3
Other	136.0	135.4	130.6	+ 0.4	+ 4.1

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

February 1990[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989
Mining	$442.01	$431.12	$441.79	44.4	44.4	46.8	$9.73	$9.71	$9.44
Manufacturing	341.35	344.80	330.30	39.6	40.0	39.7	8.62	8.62	8.32
Durable Goods	357.78	360.77	345.60	40.2	40.4	40.0	8.90	8.93	8.64
Lumber & Wood Products	320.17	313.88	292.25	41.1	40.5	39.6	7.79	7.75	7.38
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	324.48	312.29	289.77	41.6	40.4	39.0	7.80	7.73	7.43
Furniture & Fixtures	299.41	305.69	283.79	37.9	38.5	37.0	7.90	7.94	7.67
Household Furniture	296.70	301.78	281.92	37.7	38.2	36.9	7.87	7.90	7.64
Wood Household Furniture	298.28	302.54	275.76	40.2	40.5	38.3	7.42	7.47	7.20
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	387.44	390.88	370.94	40.4	40.6	39.8	9.59	9.63	9.32
Structural Clay Products	308.45	307.57	302.44	37.8	37.6	37.9	8.16	8.18	7.98
Primary Metal Industries	434.08	434.00	406.93	41.9	42.3	42.3	10.36	10.26	9.62
Fabricated Metal Industries	397.31	408.24	373.51	41.3	42.0	41.0	9.62	9.72	9.11
Machinery, exc. Electrical	398.26	407.13	402.23	41.1	41.8	42.7	9.69	9.74	9.42
Special Industry Machinery	397.42	405.06	385.71	42.1	43.0	42.2	9.44	9.42	9.14
Electrical Machinery	382.54	384.29	387.50	41.4	41.5	41.4	9.24	9.26	9.36
Household Appliances	276.69	272.80	277.38	40.1	38.1	40.2	6.90	7.16	6.90
Transportation Equipment	412.64	418.18	405.03	41.1	41.2	42.5	10.04	10.15	9.53
Nondurable Goods	330.85	334.27	320.35	39.2	39.7	39.5	8.44	8.42	8.11
Food & Kindred Products	301.86	313.34	281.92	38.8	40.8	38.2	7.78	7.68	7.38
Meat Products	247.31	270.85	236.43	37.7	41.1	37.0	6.56	6.59	6.39
Meat Packing Products	368.45	370.40	354.86	43.5	44.2	42.6	8.47	8.38	8.33

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

February 1990[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989
Dairy Products	328.02	332.13	328.75	42.0	42.8	43.2	7.81	7.76	7.61
Grain Mill Products	366.74	380.51	342.65	44.4	45.9	43.1	8.26	8.29	7.95
Bakery Products	343.04	328.35	317.21	40.5	39.8	39.8	8.47	8.25	7.97
Beverages	555.81	520.08	531.28	40.6	39.6	39.5	13.69	13.20	13.45
Tobacco Manufacturers	570.59	561.08	557.11	36.6	36.6	36.7	15.59	15.33	15.18
Cigarettes	718.65	731.73	659.18	36.7	36.9	37.2	19.50	19.83	17.72
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	204.01	207.28	211.06	36.3	35.8	34.6	5.62	5.79	6.10
Textile Mill Products	302.57	302.91	292.80	39.5	39.7	40.0	7.66	7.63	7.32
Broadwoven Mills, Cotton, Manmade & Wool	344.32	343.94	327.24	40.7	40.8	40.6	8.46	8.43	8.06
Broadwoven Mills, Cotton	346.23	340.00	329.66	40.4	40.0	40.8	8.57	8.50	8.08
Broadwoven Mills, Manmade	346.08	352.38	326.42	41.2	41.9	40.6	8.40	8.41	8.04
Knitting Mills	269.85	270.13	261.97	37.9	38.1	38.3	7.12	7.09	6.84
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	248.68	251.67	228.69	38.2	38.6	36.3	6.51	6.52	6.30
Hosiery, NEC	262.88	258.49	253.37	37.5	37.3	38.1	7.01	6.93	6.65
Weft Knit Fabric Mills	299.06	307.72	306.18	38.0	39.2	40.5	7.87	7.85	7.56
Lace & Warp Knit Fabric	315.90	317.87	328.53	40.5	40.7	42.5	7.80	7.81	7.73
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	323.75	309.20	320.63	41.4	40.0	42.3	7.82	7.73	7.58
Yarn & Thread Mills	301.29	302.35	294.38	39.8	40.1	41.0	7.57	7.54	7.18
Apparel & Other Textile Products	218.00	221.56	211.30	36.7	37.3	37.2	5.94	5.94	5.68
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	222.53	222.29	206.13	36.6	36.5	36.0	6.08	6.09	5.71
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	203.31	211.30	199.46	36.5	37.8	36.8	5.57	5.59	5.42

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS..

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

February 1990[2]

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989	Feb. 1990	Jan.[3] 1990	Feb.[3] 1989
Paper & Allied Products	501.83	520.78	491.18	42.6	43.8	42.6	11.78	11.89	11.53
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	652.00	679.17	658.68	43.7	44.8	44.0	14.92	15.16	14.97
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	407.26	423.45	392.37	41.6	43.7	42.1	9.79	9.69	9.32
Printing & Publishing	377.47	391.82	363.28	38.4	39.3	38.2	9.83	9.97	9.51
Newspapers	299.23	302.09	290.88	31.3	31.9	32.0	9.56	9.47	9.09
Chemicals & Allied Products	468.02	478.40	467.99	41.9	42.6	42.7	11.17	11.23	10.96
Plastics & Synthetics	505.12	496.52	518.15	41.1	40.4	43.8	12.29	12.29	11.83
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	440.59	435.66	413.11	41.1	41.1	40.7	10.72	10.60	10.15
Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services	555.54	564.63	523.64	42.8	43.3	42.4	12.98	13.04	12.35
Wholesale & Retail Trade	219.65	219.73	209.13	31.2	31.3	30.8	7.04	7.02	6.79
Wholesale Trade	359.19	357.10	337.26	39.0	38.9	38.5	9.21	9.18	8.76
Retail Trade	179.80	180.13	172.17	29.0	29.1	28.6	6.20	6.19	6.02
General Merchandise Stores	169.73	170.08	150.91	27.2	27.2	26.2	6.24	6.23	5.76
Food Stores	186.85	185.65	186.00	29.8	29.8	30.0	6.27	6.23	6.20
Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places	147.36	146.06	137.05	27.7	27.3	27.3	5.32	5.35	5.02
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	222.31	214.31	204.68	34.9	34.4	34.4	6.37	6.23	5.95

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.
All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Figure I

Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina

February 1990

Figure II

Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average

February 1990

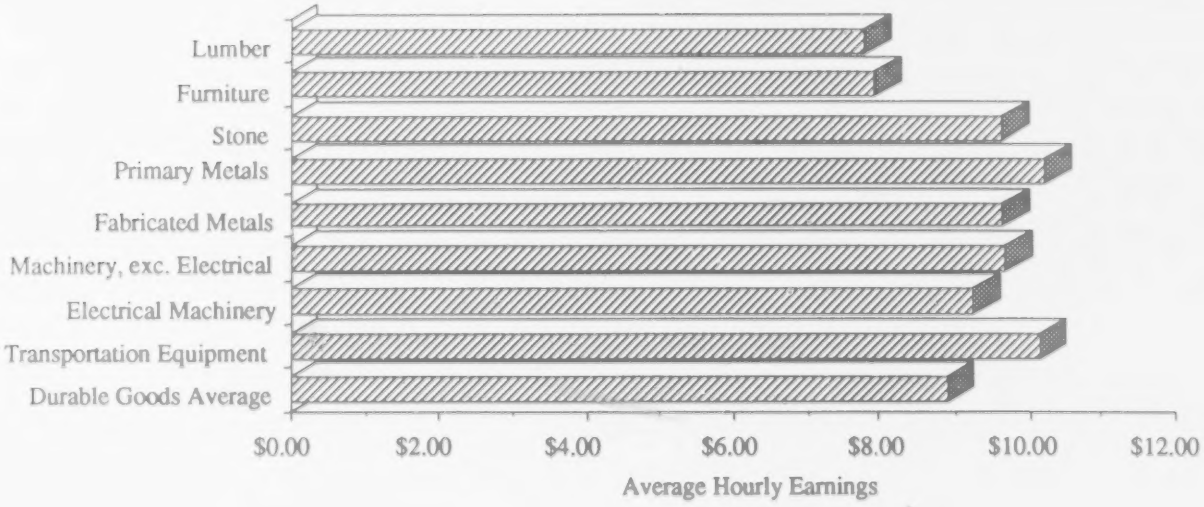


Table III

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

February 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Jan. 1990	Feb. 1989
Manufacturing	670.0	671.9	676.4	- 0.3	- 0.9
Durable Goods	260.7	261.1	263.4	- 0.2	- 1.0
Lumber & Wood Products	31.3	31.2	30.9	+ 0.3	+ 1.3
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	8.1	8.2	7.9	- 1.2	+ 2.5
Furniture & Fixtures	75.6	75.8	76.8	- 0.3	- 1.6
Household Furniture	67.5	67.8	68.8	- 0.4	- 1.9
Wood Household Furniture	33.6	33.8	35.0	- 0.6	- 4.0
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	16.5	16.5	16.6	0.0	- 0.6
Structural Clay Products	1.8	1.9	2.0	- 5.3	- 10.0
Primary Metal Industries	9.3	9.2	9.0	+ 1.1	+ 3.3
Fabricated Metal Industries	22.0	22.1	22.0	- 0.5	- 0.9
Industrial Machinery	32.8	32.8	31.7	0.0	+ 3.5
Special Industry Machinery	5.1	5.0	5.2	+ 2.0	- 1.9
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	37.0	37.1	38.8	- 0.3	- 4.6
Household Appliances	3.9	4.3	4.4	- 9.3	- 11.4
Transportation Equipment	21.7	21.9	22.6	- 0.9	- 4.0
Other Durable Goods[3]	14.5	14.5	14.8	0.0	- 2.0
Nondurable Goods	409.3	410.8	413.0	- 0.4	- 0.9
Food & Kindred Products	36.0	36.2	35.0	- 0.6	+ 2.9
Meat Products	20.4	20.2	20.0	+ 1.0	+ 2.0
Meat Packing Plants	2.0	2.0	1.8	0.0	+ 11.1
Dairy Products	1.3	1.4	1.4	- 7.1	- 7.1
Grain Mill Products	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.0	- 5.9
Bakery Products	5.0	5.1	5.0	- 2.0	0.0

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.

All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes.
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Table III

(Continued)

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

February 1990[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Feb. 1990	Jan.[2] 1990	Feb. 1989	Jan. 1990	Feb. 1989
Beverages	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
Tobacco Manufacturers	15.5	16.4	16.7	- 5.5	- 7.2
Cigarettes	11.0	11.0	12.7	0.0	- 13.4
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	4.1	5.1	3.6	- 19.6	+ 13.9
Textile Mill Products	190.3	190.8	192.7	- 0.3	- 1.2
Broadwoven Fabrics-Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	45.2	45.8	47.0	- 1.3	- 3.8
Broadwoven Fabrics Mills-Cotton	21.1	21.1	21.3	0.0	- 0.9
Broadwoven Fabrics Mills-Manmade	22.2	22.8	24.0	- 2.6	- 7.5
Knitting Mills	74.8	74.4	73.1	+ 0.5	+ 2.3
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	20.9	20.6	20.5	+ 1.5	+ 2.0
Hosiery, NEC	21.8	21.9	21.4	- 0.5	+ 1.9
Weft Knit Fabric Mills	14.6	14.6	14.2	0.0	+ 2.8
Lace and Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.2	5.2	4.9	0.0	+ 6.1
Textile Finishing, except Wool	14.0	14.1	14.3	- 0.7	- 2.1
Yarn & Thread Mills	43.9	44.0	46.0	- 0.2	- 4.6
Apparel & Other Textile Products	71.1	71.3	71.7	- 0.3	- 0.8
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	25.0	24.7	24.8	+ 1.2	+ 0.8
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	27.9	28.0	29.4	- 0.4	- 5.1
Paper & Allied Products	17.7	17.7	17.8	0.0	- 0.6
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	7.3	7.4	7.5	- 1.4	- 2.7
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	7.0	7.1	6.9	- 1.4	+ 1.4
Printing & Publishing	19.0	18.9	18.3	+ 0.5	+ 3.8
Newspapers	4.1	4.1	4.0	0.0	+ 2.5
Chemicals & Allied Products	28.3	28.3	28.2	0.0	+ 0.4
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	10.9	10.9	10.6	0.0	+ 2.8
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	27.7	27.6	28.7	+ 0.4	- 3.5
Other Nondurable Goods[3]	3.7	3.6	3.9	+ 2.8	- 5.1

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.

All data are based on 1987 Standard Industrial Codes
Compiled by the LMI Division in cooperation with USDOL, BLS.

Employment Security Commission of North Carolina
Labor Market Information Division
Post Office Box 25903
Raleigh, North Carolina 27611

Postage and Fees Paid
Employment Security Mail
Lab No. 449

Check your mailing label...

...is there an error
...have you changed your address
...does this publication meet your needs
...have personnel changed

Please let us know!

Send a copy of your mailing label with corrections or marked "discontinue" to
NC Employment Security Commission
Labor Market Information Division
P.O. Box 25903
Raleigh, NC 27611

or Call (919) 733-2936